DECENTLAB

DL-CTD10 DATASHEET

PRESSURE / LIQUID LEVEL, TEMPERATURE AND ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY SENSOR FOR LORAWAN®

FEATURES

LoRaWAN®-enabled pressure / depth gauge including temperature and conductivity sensors.

Depth range: 0 … 10 m (0 … 1 bar).

Electrical conductivity range: 0 ... 120 dS/m = 120'000 µS/cm.

Cable length: 10 m (custom lengths on request).

Compatible with LoRaWAN® networks of any provider.

Place and measure: no setup required.

Configurable via command line interface and downlink command interface.

Unattended real-time monitoring for several years without replacing batteries.

Robust polycarbonate enclosure: weatherproof, impact-, UV-resistant (IP67).

Standard alkaline (C-type) batteries.

CE compliant, Radio Equipment Directive (RED) 2014/53/EU.

APPLICATIONS

Outdoor remote monitoring.

Level / depth and conductivity monitoring in tanks for liquids.

Water quality monitoring in fish farms.

Groundwater level and quality monitoring.

Water depth and temperature monitoring in running or open water.

Salinity and chloride monitoring.

Relative pressure measurement.

DESCRIPTION

The device DL-CTD10 enables remote monitoring of water level, temperature and electrical conductivity. Applications are water quality monitoring in open water, fill level of tanks, groundwater quality and level and various other applications. It measures the pressure at the sensor head relative to the pressure at the cable end. At the cable end near the logger, there is a white piece of porous Teflon vent which provides the reference for the pressure measurement. When the sensor head is placed under water, the relative pressure indicates the depth of the sensor head. In water, a relative pressure of 1 bar equals to a depth of approximately 10 m.

The electrical conductivity measurement is used for monitoring the ion concentration in water (salinity, concentration of pollutants).

The device also reports the temperature of the sensor head. The temperature reading is also used internally for temperature compensation.

Another feature is the freezing flag. The freezing flag indicates if the sensor has ever measured a temperature below 0 °C. This information is useful because if water freezes in the sensor head, the pressure transducer can be permanently damaged by the formation of ice. No damage will occur at subfreezing temperatures if the sensor is not in water.

Sensor data are transmitted in real-time using LoRaWAN® radio technology. LoRaWAN® enables encrypted radio transmissions over long distances while consuming very little power. The user can obtain sensor data through Decentlab's data storage and visualization system, or through the user's own infrastructure. Visit www.decentlab.com for more information about Decentlab's data cloud service.

DEVICE VARIANTS

Name	Variant
DL-CTD10-001	001

DEVICE SPECIFICATIONS

DEVICE LOGGING FUNCTION

Sampling interval	10 min (configurable through the user interfaces)
Data upload interval	10 min (configurable through the user interfaces)
Reported sensor data (average of samples)	Water depth Temperature Electrical conductivity Freezing flag Battery voltage
SD-card logging	Optional

WATER DEPTH

Operating principle	Differential pressure converted to water depth
Measurement range	0 ... 10'000 mm
Resolution	1 mm
Accuracy	±0.25 % of full scale (at 20 °C, no abrupt temperature variations)

TEMPERATURE

Operating principle	Thermistor
Measurement range	-40 … 60 °C Note: The pressure transducer may be damaged or destroyed if frozen in ice. Remove the sensor if the water temperature could drop below 0 °C (32 °F).
Resolution	0.1 °C
Accuracy	±1.0 °C

ELECTRICAL CONDUCTIVITY

Operating principle	Four-electrode sensor, AC current / voltage
Measurement range	0 ... 120 dS/m = 120'000 µS/cm
Resolution	0.001 dS/m = 1 µS/cm
Accuracy	±0.01 dS/m = 10 µS/cm or ±10 % (whichever is greater) Note: The EC measurement is calibrated at 25 °C.

FREEZING FLAG

Description	The freezing flag indicates if the sensor has ever measured a temperature below 0°C. 0 = never freezing, 1 = freezing condition has occurred at least once during sensor lifetime, 2 = freezing flag not implemented.

RADIO / WIRELESS

Wireless technology	LoRaWAN®
Wireless security	AES-128 data encryption
LoRaWAN® device type	Class A end-device
Supported LoRaWAN® features	OTAA, ABP, ADR, adaptive channel setup
Wireless range	> 10 km (line of sight[1]), approx. 2 km (suburban)
RF transmit power	14 dBm (25 mW)
Effective radiated power	11.9 dBm maximum[2]
Receiver sensitivity	-146 dBm [3]
Frequency bands	868 MHz (EU version), 915 MHz (US, AS, AU versions)[4]
Antenna	Integrated omnidirectional antenna featuring a near-perfect radiation pattern[2]

POWER SUPPLY

Internal battery type	2 × alkaline C batteries (LR14)
Power consumption (average)	≤ 0.5 mW (10 min interval)
Battery lifetime estimation[5]	10.3 years (10 min interval, SF7) 4.2 years (10 min interval, SF12) 16.2 years (60 min interval, SF7) 11.7 years (60 min interval, SF12)

OPERATING CONDITIONS

Sensor head	0 … 60 °C Note: The pressure transducer may be damaged or destroyed if frozen in ice. No damage will occur at subfreezing temperatures if the sensor is not in water.
Sensor device	-20 ... 50 °C 0 ... 100 % RH

1 Decentlab reports successful transmissions over 56 km distance and more
2 See Appendix A: Antenna performance
3 Specified by radio chip vendor
4 Contact us for region specific options
5 Including alkaline battery self-discharge of 3.6 % per year (conservative estimation); battery capacity: 20000 mWh.

MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions	135 × 81 × 70 mm (not including sensor / cable)
Sensor head	Length: 90 mm, diameter: 34 mm
Weight	1090 g including batteries and sensor (960 g without batteries)
Enclosure rating	Polycarbonate; weatherproof, impact-, UV-resistant (IP66/IP67). Pressure equalizer plug with PTFE membrane (IP68).
Cable length	10 m

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The product usually requires no user interaction. If you open the enclosure, e.g. in order to replace the batteries, unscrew the four plastic screws and carefully open the lid.

CAUTION: Make sure the sensor unit does not drop out of the enclosure while opening! Do not touch the electronic components and sensors!

NOTE: When closing the lid, make sure the lid is fitted the right way, so that the enclosure is properly sealed: A little nose in the enclosure fits a notch in the lid and vice versa.

REPLACING BATTERIES

Insert 2 high-quality alkaline C batteries (LR14) into the battery holder on the back side of the sensor unit. The device operates until the battery voltage drops to 2.0 V. Always replace both battery cells with two identical fresh batteries.

USER BUTTON AND LEDS

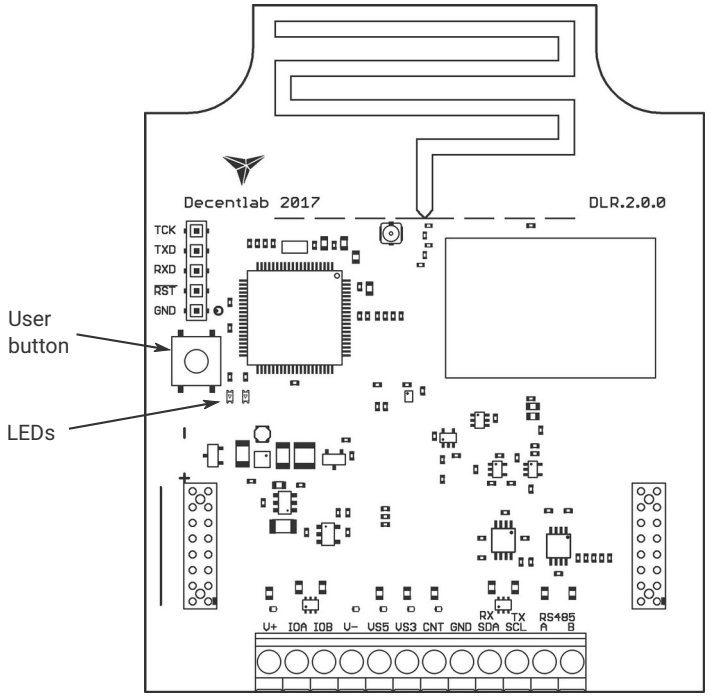


Illustration 1: Sensor unit showing the user button and LEDs. The battery holder is on the back side of the sensor unit.

OPERATING MODES

The device has four operating modes:

- Reset: System (re-)start; both LEDs fade in and out.
- Active mode (ON): Periodic measurements and data transmissions; green LED flashes for each measurement.
- Sleep mode (OFF): No measurements and data transmissions (power save mode, for shelf storage). LEDs are off.
- Test mode: Measurements and data transmissions at fastest possible rates; blue LED is on. NOTE: Use only momentarily, e.g. for testing the sensor or the wireless connection. The device will switch automatically to active mode after 20 minutes.

SWITCHING BETWEEN OPERATING MODES

The user button allows to switch between the operating modes as shown in Illustration 2 and Illustration 3. To perform a device reset, switch to sleep mode first (if necessary) by pushing and holding the button for 3 seconds until the LEDs flash three times; wait 3 seconds; then push and hold the button for 3 seconds until the LEDs fade in and out. To switch between active and test mode, push the button for 1 second (blue LED on / off). If the blue LED is off, the device is in active or sleep mode. If the blue LED is on, the device is in test mode.

HINT: To check whether the device is active or in sleep mode (on or off), push the button twice; if the blue LED goes on and off, the device is in active mode; otherwise, the device is in sleep mode.

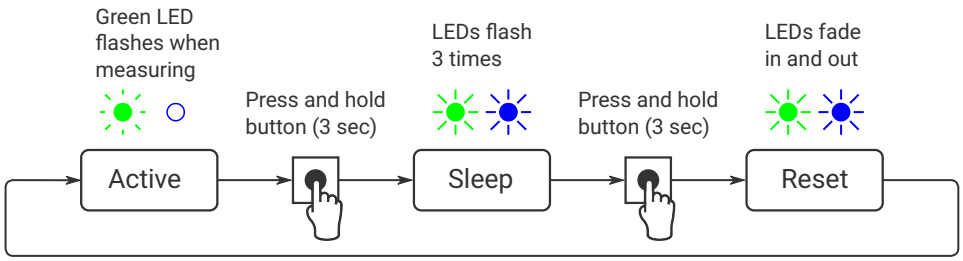


Illustration 2: Switching between active and sleep mode (switch off / on, reset).

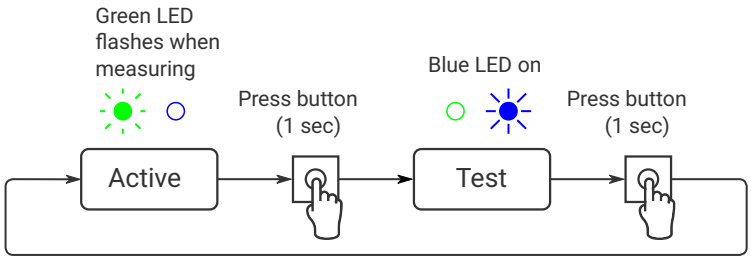


Illustration 3: Switching between active and test mode.

MEASUREMENT CYCLE (ACTIVE MODE)

During the active mode, the device periodically reads the sensors with sampling period T_S = 10 minutes (default, configurable). When the send period $T_{TX} = n \cdot T_S$ (default: n = 1, configurable) has expired, the device computes the average of the collected sensor values (at most 20 values). After a random delay of 0 ... 8 seconds, the device transmits the aggregated sensor data. If the device has not yet joined the LoRaWAN® network, it will try to join until it succeeds (maximum 3 attempts per sampling period). Afterwards, it will transmit the data (TX data). Following the data transmission, two receive slots are opened (RX1 and RX2). During these time slots, the device is ready to receive data from the network (downlink messages) as defined in the LoRaWAN® specification.

As shown in the diagrams, the device is idle most of the time. During the idle time, the current consumption is extremely low.

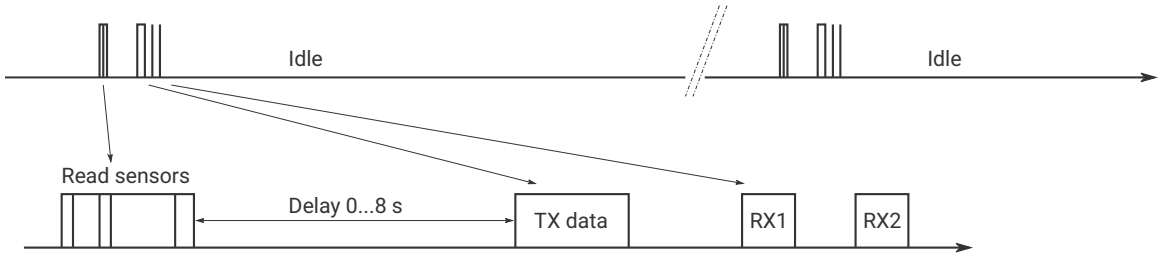


Illustration 4: Device activity during the active mode.

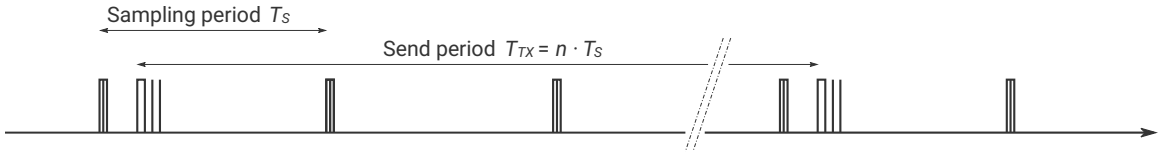


Illustration 5: Sampling period vs. send period. Default: T_S = 10 min, T_{TX} = 1 · 10 min = 10 min.

LED SIGNALING (ACTIVE MODE)

- Read sensors: green LED flashes once.
- Data sent successfully: green LED flashes 2 times.
- Data could not be sent: green LED flashes 4 times.

DEVICE CONFIGURATION

The user can configure a rich set of device parameters, such as sampling interval, LoRaWAN® data rate, ADR settings and many more. If desired, the parameter settings can be stored permanently in the internal non-volatile memory. The user can configure the device via two interfaces:

- Command line interface: via a serial cable (UART – USB) connected to a computer.
- Downlink command interface: over the air using LoRaWAN® downlink messages.

For a full description of the command line interface and the downlink command interface, please find the specific documents on www.decentlab.com/support.

MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS

Prefer a mounting location which is protected against rain and direct sun radiation.

For best radio performance, install the device upright with the cable towards ground; ideally, in such a way that the device lid faces roughly in the direction of the next gateway. Also, the higher above ground, the better. Avoid metallic objects close to the device.

The housing includes 4 threaded bushes (M4) in a 90 × 60 mm rectangle (see Illustration 6). This enables easy installation using standard M4 bolts.

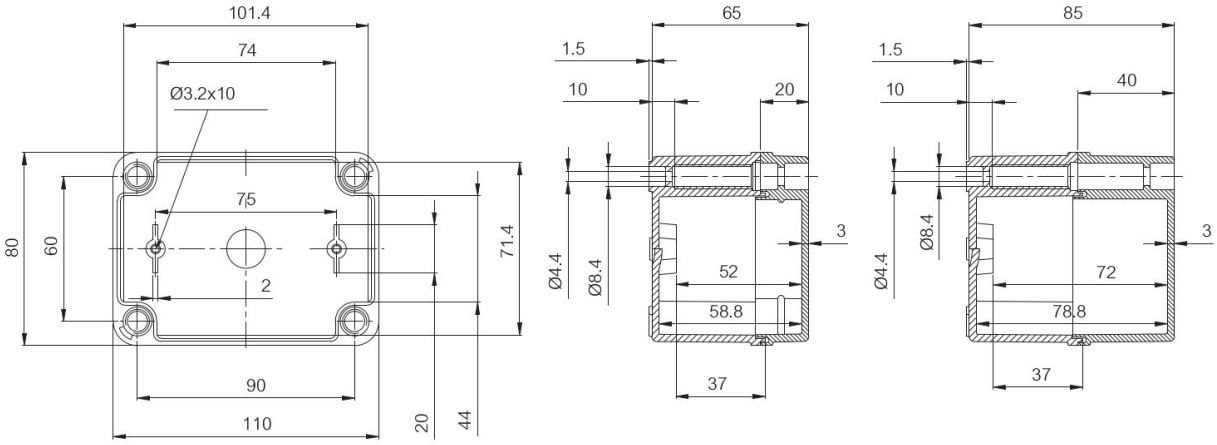


Illustration 6: Housing dimensions (in mm). Note: Drawing not including cable gland and sensor.

ORDERING INFORMATION

REFERENCE	VERSION	REGION (LORAWAN®)
DL-CTD10-001-EU868	001	Europe
DL-CTD10-001-US915	001	North America
DL-CTD10-001-AS923	001	Asia
DL-CTD10-001-AU915	001	Australia, South America

Other options: contact us

SENSOR DATA MESSAGE FORMAT

Message:

Header	Sensor 0 data (optional)	Sensor 1 data (opt.)	...	Sensor 15 data (opt.)

- Message length is variable, depending on which sensor data are included. Minimum length is 5 bytes (header only). Maximum length is 5 bytes + all sensor data (see below).
- Integers are big endian: MSB first byte, LSB last byte.

Header:

Version	Device ID	Flags

- Version: 1 byte; version = 2 for current protocol version.
- Device ID: 2 bytes; 0...65535.
- Flags: 16 bits: flag 15 | flag 14 | … | flag 0 (LSB).
- The flags indicate, if data of the respective sensors are included in the message or not:
  Flag n == 1: sensor n data included; flag n == 0: not included.

DECODER SOFTWARE

For message decoder software, please go to https://www.decentlab.com/support, where you find code examples in JavaScript and other programming languages.

DETAILS

FIELD	PARAMETER NAME	TYPE	CONVERSION	UNIT
Header	Version	uint8		
Header	Device ID	uint16		
Header	Flags	uint16		
Sensor 0	Water depth	uint16	x – 32768	mm
Sensor 0	Temperature	uint16	(x – 32768) / 10	°C
Sensor 0	Electrical conductivity	uint16	x	µS/cm
Sensor 0	Freezing flag	uint16	x	
Sensor 1	Battery voltage	uint16	x / 1000	V

Electrical conductivity units conversion: 1 µS/cm = 0.001 dS/m.

EXAMPLE 1 (ALL SENSOR DATA INCLUDED)

Message (hex):

0207d90003908880810064000000c60

02	Version	=	2	
07d9	Device ID	=	2009	
0003	Flags	=	0b0000000000000011	
9088	Water depth	=	4232	mm
8081	Temperature	=	12.9	deg
0064	Electrical conductivity	=	100	uS/cm
0000	Freezing flag	=	0	
0c60	Battery voltage	=	3.168	V

EXAMPLE 2 (ONLY BATTERY VOLTAGE)

Message (hex):

0207d900020c60

02	Version	=	2	
07d9	Device ID	=	2009	
0002	Flags	=	0b0000000000000010	
----	Water depth	=	----	mm
----	Temperature	=	----	deg
----	Electrical conductivity	=	----	uS/cm
----	Freezing flag	=	----	
0c60	Battery voltage	=	3.168	V

DECENTLAB

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We,

Decentlab GmbH
Kriesbachstrasse 30
8600 Dübendorf
Switzerland

declare under our own responsibility that the product

Reference	Name
DL-CTD10-xxx-EU868	**Pressure / Liquid Level, Temperature and Electrical Conductivity Sensor for LoRaWAN®**

to which this declaration refers conforms with the relevant standards or other standards documents

- EN 300 220-1 V3.1.1: 2017-02
- EN 300 220-2 V3.1.1: 2017-02
- EN 301 489-1 V2.2.0: 2017-03
- EN 301 489-3 V2.1.1: 2017-03

According to

- Radio Equipment Directive (RED) 2014/53/EU
- Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive 2014/30/EU

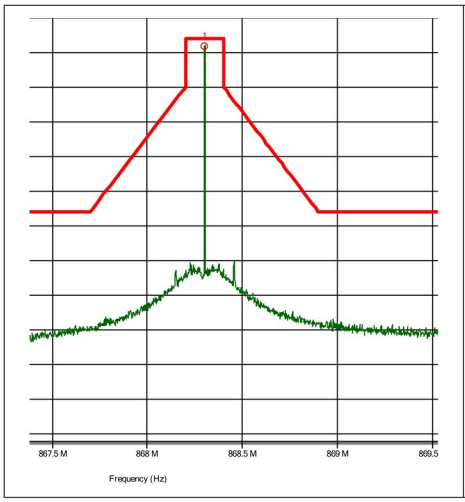
Dübendorf, 12. September 2018

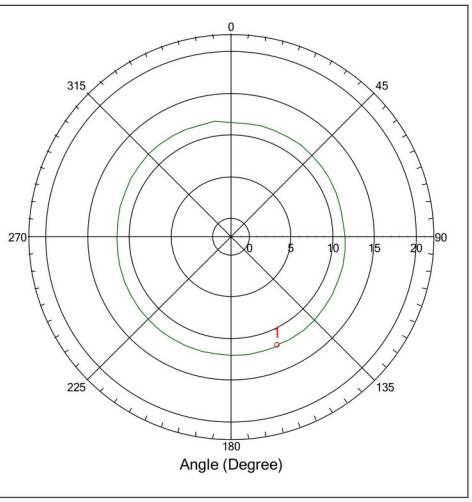
Reinhard Bischoff, Managing Director

APPENDIX A: ANTENNA PERFORMANCE

Measurement Results:

EUT	DLR1-LP8		
Test performed	Effective radiated power (ERP)		
Verdict, Test	Pass		
Modification	None		
Mode of operation	Transmitter mode		
Test date, time	13.06.2018 09:37:06		
Antenna height	1.30 m	**Antenna polarization**	Vertical
EUT position	0 to 360 Degree	**Antenna distance**	3 m
Measurement settings	Radimation Version: 2017.1.6, RBW: 1 kHz, VBW: 300 kHz, Sweep time: Auto [120 ms], Step freq: Linear: 250 Hz steps, Attenuator: Auto [10 dB], Internal preamp: 20 dB, Measure time: 10 ms, Measurement equipment: TP_RE_30M-1G_ETSI_Ver		





Detected peaks

Peak Number	Frequency	Peak	Peak Difference	Status	Angle	Height	Polarization
1	868.302 MHz	11.9 dBm	-2.14 dB	Pass	157 Degree	1.3 m	Vertical

Limits:

ETSI EN 300 220-2, Table C.1 OFB: 863 MHz to 870 MHz <= 0.1% duty cycle or polite spectrum access	**25 mW e.r.p** (14 dBm)

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DISCLAIMER

Specifications and information in this document are subject to change without notice.

Decentlab products are not warranted or authorized for use as critical components in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications, or other applications where a failure would reasonably be expected to cause severe personal injury or death.

CONTACT INFORMATION

www.decentlab.com/contact

mail@decentlab.com

+41 44 809 35 90

Decentlab GmbH
Kriesbachstrasse 30
8600 Dübendorf
Switzerland